AI IMPACT REPORT NO. 320 · REVISED 5 OCTOBER 2026 · 250 ROLES COVERED

Credit Analysts

AI fundamentally restructuring credit risk assessment, portfolio management, and compliance for analysts.

EXPOSURE	WINDOW	ADOPTION TODAY	READING
52	1–4 yrs	High	The role is being reshaped.
Elevated exposure	until change lands		Exposure is the share of today's work AI can plausibly take on within the window.

§ 01 WHAT IS HAPPENING

What is happening to credit analysts

Impact

AI tools are autonomously analyzing financial data, predicting default probabilities, optimizing credit limits, and streamlining compliance checks. This compels Credit Analysts to radically pivot towards complex financial modeling, nuanced qualitative judgment, ethical oversight of AI-driven decisions, and fostering irreplaceable client relationships.

Risk

Radical role overhaul; pervasive automation leading to significant workflow redefinition and specialized human focus.

The Credit Analyst role faces profound and accelerating redefinition by AI. AI will assume command of vast routine data collection, initial financial statement analysis, and much of the quantitative risk assessment. Credit Analysts must immediately pivot to becoming experts in leveraging AI for hyper-efficiency and enhanced strategic insights, intensely validating AI outputs for accuracy and fairness, and dedicating their expertise to the irreplaceable human elements of the role: profound qualitative judgment, nuanced understanding of market dynamics, and critical ethical decision-making regarding lending practices and financial stability.

Sector readiness

Rapid & Transformative Integration

The financial services sector, particularly banking and lending, is aggressively integrating AI, driven by overwhelming demand for efficiency, speed in decision-making, and advanced risk mitigation. AI is rapidly moving beyond pilot stages to widespread adoption for credit scoring, fraud detection, and portfolio management, fundamentally altering traditional workflows.

§ 02 POSITION

Where you stand

i The Credit Analyst role is undergoing a profound and accelerating redefinition by AI, fundamentally restructuring credit risk assessment, portfolio management, and compliance.

ii AI will autonomously manage vast routine data, optimize credit scoring, and streamline compliance, compelling Credit Analysts to pivot to indispensable qualitative judgment and profound human relationship building.

iii Survival and impact will hinge on Credit Analysts mastering AI tools, critically validating AI outputs for fairness, championing ethical AI, and providing irreplaceable human judgment and advocacy at the heart of responsible and profitable lending.

§ 03 ACTIONS 15 POINTS

What this means for you

Concrete changes to how the work gets done, in the order you are likely to meet them.

01 **AI-Driven Autonomous Financial Data Analysis.** Credit Analysts will oversee AI systems that autonomously collect, clean, and analyze vast amounts of financial data (e.g., bank statements, tax returns, balance sheets, income statements, cash flow statements, alternative data like transaction history) for individuals and businesses. This radically frees specialists from manual data input and basic spreadsheet analysis.

02 **AI-Powered Predictive Default Modeling.** Credit Analysts will leverage AI models that autonomously analyze applicant financial data, industry trends, macroeconomic indicators, and historical repayment behavior to predict default probabilities with unprecedented accuracy. This informs highly precise lending decisions.

03 **Automated Credit Scoring & Limit Assignment.** AI tools will autonomously generate credit scores, assess risk tiers, and even recommend credit limits for standard loan applications (e.g., consumer loans, small business loans). Credit Analysts will validate these AI outputs, intervening for complex or ambiguous cases.

04 **Intelligent Portfolio Risk Management.** Credit Analysts will utilize AI systems that continuously monitor entire loan portfolios, identifying emerging risks, predicting potential defaults or downgrades, and flagging concentration risks. This enables proactive portfolio adjustments and optimizes risk exposure.

05 **Generative AI for Credit Reports & Summaries.** AI can autonomously draft initial versions of credit reports, risk assessments, financial summaries, and committee presentations. This streamlines documentation, ensuring consistency and allowing Credit Analysts to focus on strategic insights and qualitative commentary.

06 **Focus on Nuanced Qualitative Judgment & Relationship Management.** As AI assumes command of quantitative tasks, the paramount value of Credit Analysts will be their irreplaceable human ability to interpret qualitative factors (e.g., management quality, business strategy, market position), conduct client interviews, and build strong relationships.

07 **AI-Assisted Fraud Detection & Anomaly Identification.** AI algorithms are autonomously sifting through massive volumes of loan applications and transaction data to identify subtle patterns indicative of fraud or misrepresentation. Credit Analysts will investigate these AI-flagged anomalies, enhancing security and reducing losses.

08 **Ethical AI in Lending & Bias Mitigation.** Credit Analysts will bear profound responsibility for auditing AI systems for algorithmic bias (e.g., in credit scoring, loan recommendations) to ensure fair lending practices and compliance with anti-discrimination laws. This requires deep understanding of AI's limitations and societal impact.

09 **Human-AI Teaming for Complex Underwriting.** Credit Analysts will operate in seamless human-AI teams. AI will process vast data and provide predictive risk scores, while the human analyst leads the complex underwriting of high-value or ambiguous loans, applying nuanced judgment and managing exceptions.

10 **AI for Industry & Sectoral Analysis.** AI tools will autonomously analyze industry trends, competitive landscapes, and economic conditions specific to a borrower's sector. Credit Analysts will leverage these insights to assess industry-specific risks and opportunities more thoroughly.

11 **Continuous Learning & FinTech/Quant Literacy.** The exponential pace of AI integration in finance demands that Credit Analysts commit to continuous, aggressive learning of new AI-powered tools, advanced quantitative methods, and intricate ethical implications, as a foundational competency for effective credit risk management.

12 **Specialization in AI Model Validation & Governance.** The field will see a rise in Credit Analysts specializing in validating AI credit models, ensuring their transparency, explainability, and compliance with internal governance frameworks and external regulations.

13 **AI-Driven Stress Testing & Scenario Analysis.** AI tools will autonomously model the impact of various economic downturns or market shocks on loan portfolios, performing stress tests and scenario analyses with unprecedented speed and complexity. Credit Analysts will interpret these results for strategic risk management.

14 **AI for Regulatory Compliance & Reporting.** AI systems will autonomously monitor lending practices for compliance with regulations (e.g., fair lending, anti-money laundering) and generate required reports. Credit Analysts will oversee these systems, ensuring adherence and accuracy.

15 **Strategic Portfolio Optimization & Risk Appetite.** Financial Managers will use AI to analyze AI-generated insights on portfolio risk to dynamically adjust risk appetite and lending strategies across different market segments.

§ 04 CAUSES 10 DRIVERS

What is pushing this change

01 **Explosive Growth of Financial & Alternative Data.** Vast amounts of financial data from individuals and businesses, combined with constantly evolving tax laws, provide rich input for AI models.

02 **Advancements in AI/ML (NLP, Predictive Analytics, Generative AI).** Breakthroughs in AI fields enable sophisticated analysis of financial documents, autonomous text generation, and intelligent predictions for credit.

03 **Urgent Demand for Speed & Efficiency in Lending Decisions.** Lenders and clients demand faster credit approvals, efficient loan processing, and quick risk assessments.

04 **Complexity of Credit Assessment & Global Regulations.** Navigating diverse global credit markets, complex financial instruments, and intricate regulatory frameworks is challenging; AI assists.

05 **Need for Proactive Risk Management & Due Diligence.** AI can identify hidden risks, potential liabilities, and flag non-compliance in vast datasets, enhancing due diligence.

06 **Shortage of Skilled Credit Professionals.** The demand for credit professionals with deep analytical and strategic expertise often outstrips supply; AI can augment.

07 **Growth of Digital Lending & FinTech.** Digital lending platforms and FinTech startups are driving AI adoption for automated credit assessment and customer experience.

08 **Client Expectations for Faster & More Transparent Services.** Clients expect rapid, transparent, and personalized loan services, which AI can deliver.

09 **Global Competition in Lending.** AI is used by competitors for strategic advantage in lending, compelling firms to adopt AI for survival and growth.

10 **Focus on ESG & Responsible Lending.** AI can help analyze ESG data of borrowers and monitor their impact for responsible lending practices.

§ 05 VARIATION 5 SECTORS

Impact by sector

The headline figure is an average. Where you work changes the picture.

Commercial Credit Analysts	AI for autonomous analysis of business financial statements, industry risk, and predictive default modeling for corporate loans. Focus on strategic business relationships.
Consumer Credit Analysts	AI for autonomous analysis of consumer financial data, behavioral patterns, and predictive scoring for personal loans/credit cards. Focus on high-volume, automated decisions.
Structured Finance Credit Analysts	AI for complex deal structuring analysis, modeling intricate cash flows, and assessing project-specific risks for large, bespoke transactions. Focus on bespoke risk assessment.
Risk Model Validation Analysts (Credit Focus)	Highest impact; specializing in rigorously testing, auditing, and governing AI models used for credit scoring and risk prediction. Focus on model integrity and compliance.
Trade Credit Analysts	AI for autonomous analysis of trade payment history, country risk, and predicting counterparty default for international trade transactions. Focus on global trade security.

§ 06 PREPARATION 8 SKILLS

Skills to build

The skills that keep the human part of this work valuable as the routine part is automated.

01 **Financial Statement Analysis & Modeling.** Deep expertise in analyzing financial statements, creating financial models, and understanding accounting principles.

02 **AI/ML Literacy & Model Validation.** Proficiency in using AI-powered credit scoring tools, predictive analytics platforms, and understanding how AI models are built and validated.

03 **Qualitative Risk Assessment.** The ability to assess non-quantifiable risks (e.g., management quality, competitive landscape, geopolitical factors) and integrate them into credit decisions.

04 **Ethical AI & Fair Lending.** Understanding potential biases in AI credit models, ensuring non-discriminatory lending practices, and upholding fair lending laws.

05 **Problem-Solving & Complex Exception Handling.** Diagnosing complex credit issues, finding solutions for ambiguous loan applications, and resolving discrepancies flagged by AI.

06 **Communication & Advisory Skills.** Clearly articulating credit decisions, risk assessments, and financial insights to clients, internal stakeholders, and management.

07 **Regulatory Compliance & Lending Law.** Deep knowledge of lending regulations (e.g., Fair Lending Act, CRA), AML/KYC requirements, and automated compliance tools.

08 **Adaptability & Continuous Learning.** Willingness to rapidly learn new FinTech, adapt credit methodologies, and stay updated on evolving market dynamics and regulatory landscapes.

§ 07 INSTRUMENTS 12 ENTRIES

Tools in use

KINDS OF TOOL WORTH KNOWING

01 **AI-Powered Credit Scoring Platforms.** Software that uses AI to analyze applicant data (traditional and alternative) and autonomously generate credit scores and recommendations.

02 **AI for Financial Statement Analysis (FSA).** AI tools that autonomously extract data from financial statements, analyze ratios, and provide insights into financial health.

03 **Predictive Analytics for Default Risk.** AI models that autonomously analyze applicant financial data, industry trends, and macroeconomic indicators to predict default probabilities.

04 **AI-Driven Portfolio Risk Management.** AI-powered platforms that continuously monitor loan portfolios, identify emerging risks, and predict potential defaults or downgrades.

05 **Generative AI for Credit Reports.** Large Language Models (LLMs) used to autonomously draft initial versions of credit reports, risk assessments, and financial summaries.

06 **AI for Fraud Detection (Lending).** AI algorithms that autonomously sift through vast volumes of loan applications and transaction data to identify subtle patterns indicative of fraud.

NAMED TOOLS ALREADY IN USE

FICO VISIT
Leading providers of credit scoring solutions that leverage AI/ML for enhanced accuracy and speed in lending decisions.

Zest AI VISIT
An AI-powered platform for credit underwriting automation and risk assessment.

Auditoria.ai VISIT
AI-powered platforms for automating financial statement analysis, data extraction, and providing intelligent insights for credit assessment.

Workday (AI in Finance) VISIT
A major ERP provider that integrates AI capabilities within its financial management suite, including for credit analysis.

Moody's Analytics VISIT

Prominent providers of financial risk management solutions that use AI/ML for predictive default modeling and stress testing.

SAS Risk Management VISIT

A leading provider of enterprise software for analytics, with solutions for risk management and fraud detection.

§ 08 EXAMPLES 5 EXAMPLES

In practice

Ways people in this role are already using AI, and what they get from it.

Automate Credit Application Review

EXAMPLE 1

HOW Credit Analysts will oversee an AI system that autonomously ingests and processes loan application data, pulls credit reports, and performs initial financial statement analysis. The AI will then recommend an approval or denial for standard applications.

GAIN Significantly reduces manual review time, accelerates loan processing, and standardizes initial credit decisions.

Predict Loan Default Risk

EXAMPLE 2

HOW Credit Analysts will leverage an AI model that autonomously analyzes a borrower's financial history, industry risk factors, and macroeconomic data. The AI predicts the probability of loan default with high accuracy, informing the analyst's risk assessment and pricing.

GAIN Provides highly accurate and proactive risk assessment, enabling better pricing of loans and minimizing potential losses from defaults.

Optimize Credit Limits

EXAMPLE 3

HOW Credit Analysts will utilize an AI tool that autonomously analyzes customer financial data and behavioral patterns. The AI suggests optimal credit limits or loan amounts for individual borrowers, balancing risk and potential revenue to maximize profitability.

GAIN Optimizes lending profitability, balances risk exposure, and ensures appropriate credit allocation for individual borrowers.

Generate Credit Reports

EXAMPLE 4

HOW Credit Analysts can instruct a generative AI tool to draft a comprehensive credit report for a business client. By providing key financial data and risk factors, the AI autonomously generates a structured report, including summaries and risk assessments.

GAIN Saves significant time on report writing, ensures consistent and comprehensive credit documentation, and allows analysts to focus on qualitative insights.

Detect Fraudulent Loan Applications EXAMPLE 5	HOW	Credit Analysts will deploy an AI algorithm that autonomously sifts through vast volumes of loan applications and associated documents. The AI identifies subtle patterns, inconsistencies, or fabricated information indicative of loan fraud, flagging high-risk applications for human investigation.
	GAIN	Enhances fraud detection capabilities, reduces financial losses from fraudulent loans, and improves the integrity of the lending portfolio.

§ 09 CONTEXT

How this role compares

Three neighbouring roles chosen to show the direction of travel.

Loan Processors (Routine application review) MORE EXPOSED	AI IMPACT	Catastrophic (AI/RPA can autonomously handle vast volumes of loan application processing.)
	WORK MOVES TO	Immediate need for radical re-skilling into AI oversight, exception handling for applications, or specialization in complex client support.
AI Lending Model Developers / Quantitative Risk Analysts (Credit Focus) DIFFERENT SKILLS, GROWING	AI IMPACT	Foundational (They design and build the AI algorithms and models that power credit risk assessment and lending decisions.)
	WORK MOVES TO	Deep expertise in AI/ML algorithms, financial modeling, data science, and software engineering, with a focus on credit risk.
Relationship Managers (Commercial Lending) COMPLEMENTARY, LESS EXPOSED	AI IMPACT	Low-Moderate Augmentation (AI assists in client data analysis for RMs), but core client relationship management, complex negotiation, and nuanced business understanding remain paramount.
	WORK MOVES TO	Building strong client relationships, understanding complex business needs, and negotiating bespoke lending terms.

§ 10 VERDICT

Closing judgement

> For Credit Analysts, AI is not merely a tool but a radical force of transformation that will fundamentally redefine credit risk assessment. It will autonomously handle the mundane, amplify predictive capabilities, and streamline compliance, compelling analysts to pivot to indispensable qualitative judgment, profound relationship building, and ethical oversight. The future Credit Analyst will be a visionary orchestrator of human-AI collaboration, providing irreplaceable insight at the heart of responsible and profitable lending.

§ 11 BASIS REVISED 5 OCTOBER 2026

Evidence and revisions

What the exposure figure rests on, what changed when it was last revised, and the published work cited for this role.

SCORE

60 to 52

WINDOW

1-4 years (unchanged)

The 5 October 2026 review moved the score down by 8 points.

Exposure Index v2. Inputs: task applicability 32/100 (Microsoft AI applicability score 0.16 for Credit analysts); observed usage 22/100 (Anthropic observed exposure 0.17); official exposure tier 100/100 (BLS: very high); labour-market trajectory 61/100 (BLS projects employment to fall 4.3% over 2025–35); published adoption rating 70/100 (high adoption). Weighted base 52.4. Final score 52. The previous figure of 60 was lowered by 8 points: the earlier method kept 60% of the weight on an undocumented editorial prior and capped movement at fifteen points, so the measured evidence was only partly reflected. The change window is unchanged.

HOW THE FIGURE IS BUILT (EXPOSURE INDEX V2)

Task applicability — Microsoft Research, AI applicability score	32 × 35%	11.3
Observed usage — Anthropic Economic Index, observed exposure	23 × 20%	4.5
Official exposure tier — US BLS AI-exposure category	100 × 20%	20.0
Labour-market trajectory — US BLS projected employment change 2025–35	61 × 10%	6.1
Published adoption rating — This report's adoption level	70 × 15%	10.5
Weighted base		52.4
Exposure score		52

MEASURES BEHIND THE SCORE

US Bureau of Labor Statistics · *Employment Projections 2025–35 and AI Exposure Categories* (27 August 2026)

AI-exposure tier: Very high. Projected employment change 2025–35: -4.3%. Matched to Credit analysts.

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Microsoft Research · *Working with AI: Measuring the Applicability of Generative AI to Occupations* (10 July 2025)

AI applicability score 0.16 (percentile 56 of 785 occupations) for SOC 13-2041.

PUBLISHER PDF ARCHIVED COPY

Anthropic · *Anthropic Economic Index report: Cadences* (26 June 2026)

Observed exposure 0.17 for SOC 13-2041 (percentile 82 of 756 occupations).

PUBLISHER PDF

World Economic Forum · *The Future of Jobs Report 2025* (7 January 2025)

Accountants and auditors appear on the WEF fastest-declining list for 2030, while fintech engineers and big-data specialists lead the growing list; finance roles that pivot toward data and judgement fare best.

PUBLISHER PDF

UK Department for Science, Innovation and Technology · *Assessment of AI capabilities and the impact on the UK labour market* (28 January 2026)

UK context: around 70% of UK workers are in occupations with tasks AI could perform or enhance, above the US average; a one-standard-deviation rise in exposure was associated with a 3.9% fall in UK job postings.

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ALSO CITED FOR THIS ROLE

PwC · *2026 Global AI Jobs Barometer* (May 2026)

PwC finds the most exposed roles adding judgement- and empathy-heavy tasks 2.5 times faster than the least exposed, and a 62% wage premium for AI skills: exposure in finance is raising the value of advisory work.

PUBLISHER PDF

Archived copies are served only where the licence permits; otherwise the link goes to the publisher. Full research library: https://www.careerguard.ai/sources

§ 12 APPENDIX

Method and sources

Each report was written from a large body of published research. The exposure score itself is computed, not written: it is the CareerGuard Exposure Index, a weighted average of occupation-level measures from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics (AI-exposure classification and 2025–35 projections), Microsoft Research (AI applicability scores) and Anthropic (observed exposure), together with the adoption rating published on the report. The organisations and publications below are the standing literature behind the narrative sections. Every source, with dates, licences and archived copies where we are permitted to hold them, is catalogued in the research library.

Exposure Index v2 (October 2026). Each input is scaled to 0–100 and weighted: task applicability 35% (Microsoft AI applicability score ÷ 0.5), observed usage 20% (Anthropic observed exposure ÷ 0.75), official exposure tier 20% (BLS very high = 100, high = 70, moderate = 40, low = 10), labour-market trajectory 10% (50 2.5 × projected % employment change), published adoption rating 15% (very high = 85, high = 70, medium-high = 55, medium = 40, low-medium = 25, low = 10). Inputs not measured for an occupation are dropped and the remaining weights renormalised. An editorial adjustment of at most ±12 points is allowed only for automation channels the measures cannot see (robotics, self-service, machine vision, medical imaging, RPA/OCR, generative video) and is always

logged with its reason. Scores are whole numbers, not rounded to five. The change window shifts one notch (a year at each end) per ten points of movement.

I GLOBAL AND MACROECONOMIC IMPACT OF AI ON WORK

World Economic Forum

The Future of Jobs Report series — Employer survey of expected job growth and decline, skill shifts and technology adoption (2020, 2023 and 2025 editions); Artificial Intelligence and the Future of Entry-Level Work (2026).
AI governance and transformation reports — Frameworks on ethical AI, talent strategy and industry transformation.

McKinsey Global Institute

AI, Automation and the Future of Work series — Research quantifying automation potential by task, sector and demographic, from "Jobs Lost, Jobs Gained" to "Agents, robots, and us" (2025).
Industry-specific reports — Financial services, healthcare, manufacturing and others.

PwC

Global AI Jobs Barometer — Annual analysis of job postings and productivity by AI exposure (2024–2026 editions).
Upskilling Hopes and Fears survey — Employee perceptions and readiness.

Microsoft Research and Anthropic

Working with AI (2025); Anthropic Economic Index (2025–2026) — Occupation-level usage data from Copilot and Claude conversations, the two observed-usage measures behind the 2026 revision.

Stanford Digital Economy Lab and Stanford HAI

Canaries in the Coal Mine? (2025–2026); AI Index Report (annual) — Payroll evidence on early-career employment in exposed occupations; annual measurement of AI capability, investment and adoption.

Deloitte

Human Capital Trends series — Workforce, talent and HR technology trends.
Tech Trends series — Emerging technologies and their business implications.

Accenture

Technology Vision series — Forward-looking analysis of emerging technology, with emphasis on AI.
Fjord Trends — Design, innovation and human experience in a digital world.

Boston Consulting Group

AI/ML insights and industry solutions — "The AI Revolution in the Workplace" and related research.

EY

AI and workforce reports — Adoption, talent strategy and ethics.

IBM Institute for Business Value

AI and automation studies — Business models, workforce evolution and leadership.

OECD

AI Policy Observatory — International data and policy on AI, labour markets and skills.
Employment Outlook — Labour-market trends including technological impact (2023–2026 editions).

International Labour Organization

Generative AI and Jobs: A Refined Global Index of Occupational Exposure (2025) — Task-level exposure gradients for every ISCO occupation; successor to the 2023 global index.

International Monetary Fund

Staff Discussion Notes on AI and work (2024, 2026) — Complementarity framing: where AI augments and where it substitutes.

UK Department for Science, Innovation and Technology

Assessment of AI capabilities and the impact on the UK labour market (2026) — UK occupational exposure and job-posting evidence.

Brookings Institution

AI and automation research — Economic and social implications, displacement and skills.

Yale Budget Lab and Goldman Sachs Research
Tracking the Impact of AI on the Labor Market; AI and the US labour market (2026) — Aggregate labour-market monitoring; macro displacement estimates.

Oxford University (Oxford Martin School)
The Future of Employment — Frey & Osborne and subsequent research on susceptibility to automation.

MIT Technology Review
AI & Work — Reporting on AI research and its implications for industries and jobs.

Gartner
Hype Cycle for Artificial Intelligence — Maturity and adoption of AI technologies.
Future of Work reports — Workplace models and talent strategy.

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Employment Projections 2025–35; AI Exposure Categories; Occupational Outlook Handbook — Ten-year employment projections and, from the 2025 cycle, an AI-exposure tier for every detailed occupation.

Indeed Hiring Lab
AI at Work Report (2025) and posting-market updates — Skill-level transformation estimates and job-posting trends by occupation.

II CORE AI AND MACHINE-LEARNING RESEARCH

OpenAI
Research papers, blog and API documentation — Large language models, generative AI, safety and societal impact.

Google DeepMind
Research papers and blog — Reinforcement learning, AI for science, AGI and ethics.

Meta AI
Research papers and blog — Large language models, computer vision, AI for social good.

Hugging Face
Transformers library and model hub — Open-source state-of-the-art NLP models.

TensorFlow and PyTorch
Documentation and community forums — Core frameworks illustrating practical capability.

arXiv
cs.AI, cs.LG, cs.CV, cs.CL — Pre-print research.

NeurIPS and ICML
Conference proceedings — Top-tier academic research.

ACM and IEEE
Journals and proceedings — ACM Computing Surveys; IEEE Transactions on AI.

Kaggle
Datasets and competition solutions — Applied machine learning on real-world problems.

The Alan Turing Institute
Research and reports — Responsible and applied AI.

III ETHICAL AND RESPONSIBLE AI DEPLOYMENT

NIST
AI Risk Management Framework — Voluntary framework for managing AI risk.

European Commission
AI Act — Risk-tiered legal framework for AI.
Ethics Guidelines for Trustworthy AI — Principles for responsible development.

Partnership on AI
Research and best practice — Responsible AI development.

AI Now Institute
Annual reports — Social implications: power, inequality, rights.

ACM FAccT
Proceedings — Fairness, accountability and transparency.

Data & Society
Publications — Social implications of data-centric technology.

WIPO
Conversation on IP and AI — Intellectual-property implications of AI.

IEEE Global Initiative on Ethics of A/IS
Ethically Aligned Design — Recommendations for ethical AI design.

Center for AI and Digital Policy
Policy briefs — Accountable AI policy.